

**STANDARD OUT OF STATE OR EXTENDED DISTANCE  
PARENTING TIME (VISITATION) / SHARED PARENTING PLAN  
(Effective December 1, 2007)**

The best PARENTING TIME (visitation) schedule is your own plan. However, if you cannot agree, the Court designed this schedule to insure that your child(ren) will have frequent and consistent contact with the non-residential parent.

If there are objections to this plan because of special circumstances (for example: travel time, work schedules), or problems (for example: substance abuse, mental illness, violence), you must present specific facts in a scheduled hearing stating why this visitation schedule is not in the best interest of your child.

**PLEASE NOTE: Summer vacations shall take precedence over the holiday schedule and the holiday schedule shall take precedence over the normal weekly schedule.**

1. One weekend every month with seven (7) days advance notice.
2. During Christmas, the nonresidential parent is to receive one-half of the Christmas break, not to include Christmas Day without consent of the residential parent.
3. Every other Spring break with the mother having the odd numbered years.
4. Six (6) weeks every summer with at least thirty (30) days notice. During the six (6) week parenting time, child support shall abate by one-half and the residential parent is to receive every other weekend parenting time, if logistically possible. The party claiming the abatement shall make the request yearly by December 31<sup>st</sup>.
5. This is the minimum order of parenting time and the non-residential parent is entitled to any other parenting time as the parties may agree.
6. Parenting time does not mean picking the children up and then leaving them with someone else (except for normal day care)
7. The residential parent shall notify the Court and the non-residential parent, in writing, of any intention to relocate his or her residence.
8. These are the Standard Out-of-State Parenting Time rules of the Court and they will be changed or modified by the Court only if it is shown that there is a need for such change.
9. The Court recognizes that because of the distances involved and the expense of travel that a non-residential parent may not be able to exercise all of the scheduled parenting time. The residential parent should be made aware of the inability to exercise parenting time.
10. **ACCESS TO RECORDS, DAY CARE AND ACTIVITIES - O.R.C. 3109.051(H)(I) & (J).**  
Each parent is entitled, pursuant to the same terms and conditions to which access is provided to the residential parent, to the following:
  1. **ANY SCHOOL, HEALTH OR AGENCY RECORDS OR REPORTS THAT ARE RELATED TO THE CHILD(REN)**
  2. **ANY DAY CARE CENTER WHICH THE CHILD ATTENDS**
  3. **ANY STUDENT OR EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITY IN WHICH THE CHILD(REN) PARTICIPATE**